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e Evening Star.

WASHINGTON, D. C., MONDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1905-TWENTY PAGES.

TWO CENTS.

Forgery in New York.

\$350,000 IN SECURITIES IN NEW ORLEANS BOTH OHIO SENATORS

SECURED BY MEANS OF FORGED NATIONAL CITY BANK CHECK.

Employers Believe That the Act Was Not Done Dishonestly-Regarded Trustworthy.

NEW YORK, October 2.-Henry Leonard, twenty-four years old, a clerk for Hall & Stieglitz, brokers, of 30 Broad street, confessed today that he is the man who robbed the National City Bank of \$359,000 in securities on Wednesday last. He was arrested yesterday and kept in close confinement until today. Leonard lives at 586 East 136th street. He looks younger than he really is, and from his general appearance never would be suspected of such a

crime as that which he confessed today. The strangest part of the young man's story as told to the police was his assertion that he carried through the forgery and theft just to show how easy it would be to outwit the safeguards of a New York bank. After the theft Leonard mailed \$200,000 of the securities to Dyer Pearl, senior member of the firm of Pearl & Co., the owners of the securities. He addressed the package to Mr. Pearl's home, where it was found yesterday. The other securities, to the value of \$59,000, have not been re-

Leonard was arraigned in the Tombs police court and held in \$50,000 for further examination. He was not represented by counsel. As he left the court room he said to a questioner: "I did it on a bet."

Leonard told the police today that he conceived the idea of the theft some three or four months ago, and had been planning during that time to execute it and show how easy such a scheme could be practiced on the banks of New York. On September 26, he said, he found four blank checks on the Hanover National Bank. That was in the

Later in the same day, he said, he was in the corridor of the National City Bank, and among the men waiting in line he saw a man holding in his hand an envelope marked "300,000-414 per cent" on the envelope. He said he heard the loan clerk tell the messenger that the interest was 4½ per cent, and not 4¼. Then, he said, the messenger

Young Forger's Methods.

Leonard then had his cue and went to the Bowery and there ordered a rubber certifithe certifictation of an old check, from which the stamp was to be copied. After he securred the stamp he filled out the body of the check drawn on the Hanover National

Then, he said, he went to Wall street and The boy said he did not. Leonard said to him: "Take this check to No. 52 Wall street and hand it to the loan clerk." Leonard meanwhile stood opposite the customs house and saw the boy take the package and come out with the securities. Leonard said he took the securities to his house at 586 East 136th street, and with no delay put them in a wraper, affixed the necessary stamp and took them to a mail-box in the neighborhood of West 92d street and mailed them to Dyer Pearl of 34 West 73d street, who is a member of the firm that owned

There were, however, only \$300,000 worth of securities in the package, which were received safely the next day by Mr. Pearl. There were \$59,000 worth of securities missing, and Leonard explained that by saying that to have enclosed them all in a package by mail would have made the package too bulky, and he therefore kept them out and mailed only \$300,000 worth. In this connection it was noted by the police that only about \$50,000 worth of the securities were

Employer's Statement. August Stieglitz of the brokerage firm that employed Leonard, made the follow-

ing statement concerning him:

"Henry Leonard, or Harry Leonard as he was known in our office, has been in our employ three or four years. He is twenty to twenty-three years old. He has always behaved well and we always regarded him as thoroughly honest and trustworthy. 1 believe it will be found that this thing was not done dishonestly, but rather that the young man wanted to show how easy it was to perform such a trick."

Mr. Stieglitz declined to say more. From other quarters, however, it was learned that the young man was in the stock and loan department of Halle & Stieglitz, who are big operators on the stock exchange. Leonard is said to have been at the office as late as Saturday last. Halle & Stleglitz are depositors in the National City Bank,

TO NEUTRALIZE PHILIPPINES. Proposed Legislation by the Massa-

chusetts Eenators.

Special Disputch to The Star. BOSTON, Mass., October 2.-It is stated here tonight that Senators Crane and Lodge are to introduce and press in Congress a bill to "neutralize" the Philippines, and expect strong support from both parties. The deficit in the treasury is causing the party leaders a good deal of worry, and Senator Crane foresees further trouble in that respect, and is preparing a bill which will stop the steady drain and put the treasury

on the right side of the ledger.
The plan that the Massachusetts men are now putting into shape provides not only for the neutralization of the Philippines, but also of China and the relinquishment by Germany and England of the colonies of Hei-Hai-Wei and Kiao-Chau, the United States' neutralization of the Philippines acting as an effective answer to any ques-tion as to this country's intentions with respect to the far east.

THE MACEDONIAN STATUS.

Porte Continues Unyielding in Atti-

tude on Financial-Control. CONSTANTINOPLE, October 2. - The porte persists in its unyielding attitude regarding the financial control of Macedonia. Replying to the collective note of September 20 from the six powers, declaring that eheir decision to assume international control of the finances of Macedonio is unalterable, the porte reiterates what it regards as insuperable objections to the scheme A deadlock has thus been reached, ne sitating fresh measures on the part of the powers. The delegates of the powers who were to act as financial controllers of Macedonia are arriving at Salonica, but the must remain idle until pressure compels the porte to issue the orders necessary to en-able the controllers to enter on their func-

ADMITTED HIS CRIME YELLOW FEVER WANES AT THE WHITE HOUSE

Best Since August 1.

COUNTRY PARISHES INTERESTED IN THE PRESIDENT'S VISIT.

Not Improbable That Quarantines Will Be Modified to Permit Many to Come to the City.

NEW ORLEANS, October 2.- The yellow fever record for the week ending on Saturday was the best since August 1, with a total of 183 cases and 23 deaths, against 231 cases and 32 deaths the preceding week. In the country parishes increased interest is being shown in the fight here in view of the possibility that President Roosevelt will

visit New Orleans. There are people throughout the state who are anxious to come here and assist in giving the President a typical Louisiana welcome, and if by October 20 conditions here reach a point where there will be only sporadic fever cases it is not improbable that there will be a modification of the quarantines to the extent of letting those who would like to participate in the reception come to the city.

Conditions in the State.

Conditions in the state show general improvement. Except at Kenner, which is just beyond the limits of New Orleans, there was not a single death in the country districts of Louisiana in the last twenty-four

The public schools opened here today with a large enrollment, several hundred children having returned to New Orleans from the surrounding country.

Dr. Rudolph, who handled the situation at Patterson for several weeks, has gone with a nurse to Rosetta, Miss., where fever has appeared.

hours.

WRECK OF THE LEYTE

NAMES OF SOME OF THE LOST CABLED.

The governor general of the Philippines cables to the War Department regarding the terrible storm that occurred on the afternoon of September 26. He says that as cation stamp, but before doing so he cut out all the wires were down reports have been are very discouraging.

The coast guard sutter Leyte was wrecked off Samar, and all on board were lost except nine members of the crew. The officers lost were William N. Fisher, nearest relative hailed a passing boy and asked him if he knew where the National City Bank was.

Martin Fisher, 1200½ Western avenue, Seattle, Wash.; Frederick Hellburg, nearest relative, Ottitia Hellburg, 302 58th street, New York city; E. M. Bentel, person to be notified, F. B. Cheney, Rochester, Pa.; C. J. Olsson, person to be notified, Mrs. August Joansan, Raback, Brusnas, Sweden; George Garner, name of relative not given, and one postal clerk. Passengers lost were James M. Dean, person to be notified, Ralt Al-Also four others, names not known. The coast guard cutter Leyte was a 148-foot steamer, built in Shanghai for the civil

government of the Philippine Islands, at a cost, delivered in Manila, of \$58,000. She had a crew of thirty-six.

The storm originated east of Samar, and Luzon north to Manila. Reports have so far been received from the provinces of La Laguna, Batangas, Sorsogon, Rizal, Cavite, Bataan, Samar and Zambales. Crops are practically all destroyed, including cocoa-nuts, hemp and rice. It is feared that damage equally great has been done in the provinces of Albay, Camarines and Tay-

SHOWMAN McCADDON'S CASE. Remanded in London Court for a Week in \$80,000 Bail.

LONDON, October 2 .- Joseph T. McCaddon, the showman, was brought up in the extradition court at Bow street today and remanded for a week in \$80,000 bail, \$40,000 being furnished by himself and two sureties furnishing \$40,000. The bail was immediately forthcoming and Mr. McCaddon was released. His children, who were to have salled for

New York on the St. Louis Saturday, re-mained with Mr. McCaddon, but, as already cabled, his wife's body was taken on to

FEELING AT TOKIO.

Sharp Rise in Stock Prices-Confidence is Restored.

TOKIO, October 2, noon,-A sharp rise in prices took place again this morning in the local share market, with every indication that business activity will gradually evercome the depression caused by the treaty of peace.

The new alliance with Great Britain has inspired a feeling of perfect confidence in the future tranquillity of the situation in commercial circles, and much activity is expected soon in all lines of busines

HONORS FOR WITTE.

Formal Imperial Decree Issued at St. Petersburg Today.

ST. PETERSBURG, October 2.-The imperial decree issued today formally announcing the bestowal on M. Witte of the rank of count adds that the distinction is given "in recognition of his services to the throne and fatherland and the admirable manner in which he discharged a task of the highest importance to the state and as a mark of the special favor of the emperor.

NO NEW JAPANESE LOAN.

Financial Agent of Japan Tells of Proposed Plans.

LONDON, October 2.-Koretiyo Taka hashi, the financial agent of Japan, who shortly returns to America, says there is no definite project for a new Japanese loan, nor have steps been taken for the conversion of the old loans. He anticipated, however, that the financial program to be submitted at the coming session of the diet will propose a new loan to liquidate the high-priced bonds now outstanding. The last loan is still intact, and will suffice to repatriate the Japanese armies in

Young Man Held for Big Last Week's Record Was the Crowd of Visitors Greet the

President.

PRESENT DELEGATIONS WITH IN-VITATIONS FOR HIS PRESENCE.

He Was Compelled to Decline-Pleased With His Reception Saturday-Going to New Orleans.

President Roosevelt had hardly got into his office at 9:30 o'clock this morning, his first day at the White House in three months, when visitors began to arrive, some to see him on business, some to present invitations, all to pay respects and to extend best wishes. It was a day of greeting and of pleasant interchange of expressions of good will. The President's callers were gratified at the many indications of his robust health, the result of his quiet and satisfactory vacation at Oyster Bay. Congratviations to the President on his continued climb to the topmost round in the affections and good will of the people of this country and other countries were extended.

A goodly portion of the United States Senate presented itself to Major Loeffler, the President's doorkeeper, and were immediately ushered into the waiting rooms. Cabinet officers and others supplemented the senatorial visitors, and the President had no spare time until Major Loeffler closed the big door at which he presides and announced that the President had gone

Invitations From Ohio. Senators Foraker and Dick of Ohio escorted delegations from their state who

wanted the President to visit Ohio this fall. The first delegation was from Somerset, consisting of Capt. T. D. Brinckley, Thomas Dunwoody, Charles T. Wilson and Rev. D. J. Kennedy. A splendid eques-trian statue to General Sherman is to be unveiled in Somerset, the birthplace of the famous cavalryman. It is erected by the state of Ohio, and the committee desired the presence of the chief ex-ecutive. The President expressed deep regret that he would be too busy to get away from Washington except to make his long-announced visit to the south. The exact date for the unveiling has not been definitely fixed, but will take place some time early in November. Invitations will be extended Secretary Taft, Admiral Dewey and Gen. Chaffee to be present.

President Roosevelt paid a fine tribute to Gen. Sheridan in talking to the Ohio com-

The other invitation was from a commit-tee from Toledo. It consisted of H. P. Crouse and F. C. Greene, and they wanted to invite the President to attend the opening of a magnificent new Y. M. C. A. build ing in that city November 15. The President was unable to accept that invitation Secretaries Root and Shaw were invited to be present, and Secretary Shaw has ac-

Senator Foraker remained, after the delegations had departed, to talk with the President. He laughingly declined to indicate whether he had made matters all right with the President as to his railroad rebat ideas, observing that it was probable he would not have occasion to fall out with the President.

Talks With the President.

Besides the two Ohio senators the othe senatorial visitors were Senators Hemenway of Indiana, Burkett of Nebraska, Fulton of Oregon, and McCumber of North swept over the northeast and north end of that island and all southern provinces of ticular business with the President, but talked to him on a number of matters. Senator Fulton discussed some Oregon matters, there being some features of the land fraud cases he desired to take up Senator Burkett was accompanied by Max Baehr, who has been appointed United States consul at Cienfuegos, Cuba.

Senator McCumber recommended to the President the appointment of James F. Shea as United States marshal of North Dakota to fill the vacancy made by the death of John Haggart. Mr. Shea will be appointed. His appointment was also indorsed by Senator Hansbrough, who is detained in North Dakota by the serious illness of his wife, who has been in bad health a number of months. Major McCawley of the Marine Corps presented to the President Capt. Fitzhugh

Lee, who is to serve as one of the Presi dent's aids during the social season. Capt. Lee is a son of the late Gen. Fitzhugh Lee. Pleased With His Reception.

Commissioner West today called at the White House by request of the President, in order that the latter might express his sincere appreciation of the popular demonstration manifested last Saturday evening upon the occasion of the President's return from his vacation at Oyster Bay. Mr. West white children to be taught by colored was accompanied by Mr. W. V. Cox, president of the Board of Trade, and Capt. J. F. prospect that a republican governor or Oyster, president of the Business Men's Association, who had taken prominent part in arranging the details of the event.

The President expressed his appreciation,

first, of the manner in which the affair was managed, speaking of it as a spontaneous and hearty demonstration which touched him deeply. After thanking Commissioner West and the members of the committee personally for their efforts, he expressed to Mr. West the desire that his appreciation be conveyed to the peopole of Washington. He was all the more gratified because it was not until the evening before he left Oyster Bay that he knew, except in a gen-

eral way, that a demonstration had been 'The splendid outpouring of the people.' said Commissioner West after leaving the White House, "and the heartiness and cordiality of the welcome has made a deep impression on the President's mind, and, quoting his own words, it was to him 'in reality a welcome home.' "

Judge Dayton of West Virginia pald his respects. Another visitor was Robert R. Latimer, chief of the rural police at Bourke, New South Wales. He was presented by Captain Joseph Carter.

President Going to New Orleans.

President Roosevelt will go to New Orleans, despite the yellow fever epidemic. This official announcement was made at the White House today by Secretary Loeb, after a conference with the President, at which the arrangements for Mr. Roosevelt's trip through the south were arranged finally. In order to avoid any complica-tions over the quarantine regulations of the various states in the south, the President has decided to make New Orleans the final stop on his trip. He will be in New Or-leans on the 26th instant. After the ceremonies in that city, he will go aboard a cruiser of the Cleveland type and make the journey from New Orleans to Washington by water. He is expected to arrive here either on the 30th or 31st instant. In the making of these new and definite arrangements it was found necessary in

viously scheduled, thence to Tuskegee and Birmingham. From Alabama he will go to Little Rock, Ark. There the party will be disbanded, the President and Secretary Loeb going to New Orleans for the ceremonies in that city on the 26th instant, and the remainder of the party returning from Little Rock to Washington.

It has not been determined definitely yet what vessel the President will use on his return trip to Washington, but it probably will be the Cleveland, Tacoma or Galveston. In deciding to come to Washington by sea the President was influenced by his desire not to come into conflict in any way with the quarantine regulations of the

with the quarantine regulations of the southern states. Two weeks ago he intimated that he might solve the difficulty in this way, but the matter was not definitely settled until today.

A Central Purchasing Agency.

Messrs. Garfield and Pinchot, who are nembers of the departmental committee of inquiry, were among the first visitors with the President. They stated that they had not talked with him about the investigations they are conducting as to the methods of business in the departments. Mr. Garfield, however, had a large morocco case with him, ominously fat with documents of some kind.

The commission is giving consideration to the question of establishing a central purchasing agency for all government supplies. A recommendation by the commission for such an agency is regarded as mission for such an agency is regarded as certain, but the form of the recommendation is yet to be decided upon. The wide variety of prices paid by the various departments for the same classes of goods is the prime reason for the proposed general purchasing agency, which would advertise for and secure supplies for every branch of the government, shipping from a central point. As matters are now arranged, each department ships supplies to its branches from Washington.

It is claimed that this leads to much waste of money for freight charges. If the

waste of money for freight charges. If the general agency were located at some point like New York, to which goods could be delivered at small freight rates, they could be shipped directly from there, saving the time and expense of coming to Washington and being distributed from here. The Treasury Department sends larger quantities of supplies outside of Washington than it uses here, collectors of customs, col-lectors of internal revenue and many other officials requiring large quantities,

It is probable that the President will make a recommendation to Congress along these lines, as the proposed amalgamation would require an act of that body, appropriations being now made for each separate depart-

The position of purchasing agent would be a most responsible one, and the President would want a man of unquestioned standing and unimpeachable honesty.

Chairman Bonaparte Comments on Partisan Appeals.

THE RACE QUESTION

POINTS TO RECORD OF MARYLAND REPUBLICANS.

Declares That Allegations of Attempt to Force Social Equality and Negro Domination Are False.

In response to a request for information as to the action of the republican convention at Baltimore, of which he was chairman, Secretary Bonaparte has written the following letter, the publication of which he has authorized as a means of disseminating information as to the actual situation in Maryland:

"In the campaign now in progress in Maryland the democratic 'ring' relies for success, as it has relied for success in many campaigns during the past thirty-five years, upon appeals to race prejudice. To inflame this prejudice it has frequently circulated and it circulates now many utterly false and indeed ridiculous stories as to what the republican party would or might do if intrusted with power by the voters. While these falsehoods are not only absurd in themselves, but conclusively refuted by experience during the four years of republican supremacy in the state, while the late Lloyd Lowndes was governor from 1896 to 1900, they have undoubted weight with a certain class of voters, of whom some are very ignorant and others so intensely prejudiced on this question as to be almost be-yond the influence of reason.

The Charges.

"Some of these preposterous tales are to the effect that a republican legislature would compel by law certain forms of social intercourse between the two races, as, for example, by establishing compulsory attendance at mixed public schools or obliging mayor would appoint a vast multitude of colcred officials, with no regard to fitness or expediency, to all sorts of public positions, Of course, when we had a republican legis-lature and a republican governor nothing of the kind was done, and the present repub-lican mayor of Baltimore has made no such selections for public office; nevertheless some people actually believe these yarns, and others try to persuade themselves there may be some truth in them, so as to wete against their own reason and conscience; and, while such dupes are found, the manufactured facture of such falsehoods centinues.

Action of the Convention.

"Stories of the first class form part of an outcry against social equality;' stories of the second class give such color as they may to an outcry against 'negro domination;' the resolution of the republican convention disclaiming any desire or purpose to promote either of these chimerical evils must be understood in the light of the surrounding circumstances, as above set forth. In Maryland it has been so understood and has attracted little or no comment; outside the state it seems to have been widely misunderstood, by reason of widespread ignorance of the peculiar conditions which prevail with us.

"I ought perhaps to add that, although I am the presiding officer of the convention I am the presiding of cer of the convention, I did not appoint the committee on resolutions, was not a member of that commit-tee and did not suggest or advise the adop-tion of the resolution in question. I do not, therefore, speak for the convention; but

in speaking for myself on the subject, I feel perfectly confident that I voice the sentiments of all sincere and earnest republicans in Maryland," LOOKING OVER ESTIMATES.

Postmaster General Cortelyou Assumes Charge of Affairs.

Postmaster General Cortelyou ended his arnual vacation today and assumed charge

MUTINY TREATY OF KARLSTAD IRATE COMMUNITY

Hungarian Crisis.

RADICALLEADER'SPLAN KING'S SPEECH IS READ TO DEFEAT THE EFFORT

IN ARMY TO SECEDE.

Would Be Impossible Because of Greatly Decimated Ranks. BUDAPEST, Hungary, October 2.—Deputy Zoltan Lengyal, leader of the radical wing

of the coalition party, wants to inaugurate a mutiny of all the Hungarians in the Austro-Hungarian army in support of the coalition demands. M. Lengyal, in an open letter published

army to lend their aid in supporting the na-All Hungarian-born officers of the reserve and all non-commissioned officers, he contends, ought to resign, while the Hungarian soldiers henceforth shall refuse to obey

oday, calls on all the Hungarians in the

orders issued in the German language. The deputy also proposes a social boycott of German and Austrian officers by the Magyar population. The punishment of the mutinous troops, he points out, is impossible, as there would not be men enough left in the army to deal with the Hungarian protesters.

POOL ROOM CASES

REFERRED TO IN CHARGE TO GRAND JURY.

Special Dispatch to The Star. UPPER MARLBORO, Md., October 2.-A crowd of interested spectators filled the court room here this morning, many of them being from Washington. Most of the Washington people had come here to hear the remarks of Judge Merrick upon the Kenilworth pool room question, as it was thought he would have something of interest to say, but Chief Justice Briscoe delivered the charge to the grand jury instead, and his remarks were not of the nature that the spectators had anticipated. He called special attention to the pool room matter, however, and impressed upon the grand jurors the necessity for its member to perform their duty without fear or favor. He told the grand jurors that there had been considerable agitation of the gambling question in the papers, referring especially to the pool room business, and read the statute relating to the making of books on foreign races. Witnesses, the judge said, will be presented, and it will be for the jury

to judge whether the testimony makes out a case of guilt or innocence. "This law," said the judge, "like others, if violated and you have evidence of the fact, it is your duty to make a presentment. Your other duty requires that you make diligent inquiry into such matters and act in accordance with the evidence presented, he continued. "This pool room business ha been a matter of some public notoriety in your county, and the court therefore calls your special attention to it. The court feels that you will give it your attention and do

your duty in the matter." A mention was also made of the alleged violations of the liquor law in the county People who take the law in their own hands and violate it, the court said, must submit to punishment when it is inflicted. State's Attorney Magruder arranged for the hearing of the testimony of witnesses in the pool room cases this afternoon. Allen W. Mallery and Thomas N. Mohler are the principal witnesses for the state. It is hard-

UNIQUE BULL FIGHT.

Animals Clad in Foot Ball Armor Amuse Crowd in California.

turned this afternoon.

CHICAGO, October 2.-A dispatch to the Record-Herald from Los Angeles, Cal., says: A bull fight with the attachments of a comic opera thrown in was held at Santa Monica yesterday. The action was there, but of gore there was none, for the bulls were clad in foot ball armor until they were twice their natural size and looked as if they had eaten something that had caused serious internal disorders.

The matadors were similarly attired, and when one, hampered by his padding, was unable to escape the charge of a bull the impact resembled a collision between two

feather beds. The fight was more on the order of a limited-round pugilistic contest in that the

palm of victory was awarded on points. The judges decided in every instance in fa-vor of the bulls, which would mean in Spain that the matador should commit suicide; as he swears to kill the animal or be killed by it. Up to a late hour last night the defeated matadors were pleading "manana" and other dilatory phrases in explanation of their failure to end their lives and thereby wipe out disgrace of defeat. The most amusing incident of the battle occurred when the judges, who represent the president in Mexican bull fights, announced their decisions. With one accord the two dozen matadors flung their arms

wildiy into the air, swore in Spanish and shouted Mexican defiance at the decision.

Originally the intention was to hold a gen-uine bull fight, with plenty of blood-shed-

ding, but the authorities interfered. It was the first event of the kind ever held on

American soll on the Pacific coast. Priest Denounced Auto Operators. CHICAGO, October 2.-Reckless automo bile operators were denonunced scathingly yesterday by the Rev. P. J. McDonnell, speaking from the pulpit of St. Mel's Roman Catholic Church, Washington boulevard and 43d avenue. Father McDonnell's utterances were prompted by an accident almost at the doors of the church a few minutes before vesper services began. Mrs. Bridgett Hannon, a widow, seventy-two years old, was run down by a machine. She was crossing the street to enter the church, of which she is a member. Her injuries were severe, and she was carried to the priest's house. J. H. Eustace, owner of the car, stopped and gave what aid he could to Mrs. Hannon. His chauffeur, Harry Johnstone, was arrested. Father McDonnell called reckless automobile operators cowards, and demanded that the laws against "automobile madness" be enforced.

Americans to Sail for Home.

Latest Phase of the Austro- Riksdag Assembled at Stock- Aroused to Energetic and holm to Consider.

CALLS ON FELLOW COUNTRYMEN ROYAL PROPOSAL DISCUSSED IN THE TWO CHAMBERS.

Declares Punishment of Mutineers Recommendations Indicated All Conditions Were Fulfilled for Dissolution of Norway-Sweden Union.

> STOCKHOLM, Sweden, October 2 .- The special session of the riksdag summoned deal with the treaty of Karlstad assembled in the throne room this morning and listened to the king's speech, which in the absence of King Oscar, was read by Christian Lundeberg, the minister of state. The members then repaired to their own chambers, where the treaty was submitted to them in the form of a royal proposal, attached to which were the cabinet's recommendations for its ratification. These recommendations pointed out that the riks-

Karlstad conference were all within the scope of the riksdag's terms for giving its assent to the dissolution of the union of Sweden and Norway. The distance of the fortress of Kongs vinger from the frontier, it was asserted. is so great that it does not menace Swe-

dag's conditions were all fulfilled, as the

modifications reached in the course of the

MR. ROOT IN CHARGE

den, so it will be allowed to remain.

TAKES UP THE DUTIES OF SECRE-TARY OF STATE.

Mr. Root today formally took up the important duties of the office of Secretary of State. He went early to the State Department, as did Mr. Robert Bacon of New York, the new assistant secretary, and presented the latter to Mr. Loomis, the retiring assistant secretary. Naturally there was much for Mr. Loomis to discuss with Mr. Root and Mr. Bacon, as neither of these gentlemen had kept close watch on the recent developments in international relations, and it remained for the retiring officer to place them in possession of a mulitude of facts connected with important pending diplomatic issues. It will probably require at least two days' time to complete the turning over of that class of business, and consequently Mr. Bacon has not yet taken the oath of office in order not to dis-place Mr. Leomis officially.

Callers at the Department.

Senator Proctor of Vermont was an early caller at the department, it is believed in the interest of the claims to an office of one of his constituents. After his departure the various heads of divisions in the State Department were called to the Secretary's office and made the acquaintance of their new chief, the introductions being performed by Assistant Secretaries Loomis, Adee and Peirce.

Mr. Jusserand, the French ambassador, was another caller, calling at the department by appointment about noon and remaining with Secretary Root for half an

His principal business was the presentation of the grave issue which has arisen between France and Venezuela in connection with the action of the Venezuelan government in closing the interior offices of the French Cable Company and in otherwise interfacing with the corrections otherwise interfering with the operations of that corporation, and particularly in refusing to hold relations with M. Taigny, the French charge at Caracas. ly probable that any indictments will be re-

No Real Crisis Yet. It was stated that while that matter is regarded as important, no real crisis has yet arisen and ft is certain that nothing occurred during the interview between the secretary and ambassador today that seemed to require any action on the part of this government.

Secretary Root, with Mrs. Root, is at present at the New Willard, but expects to occupy what is known as the Bourke Cockran house on 16th street as soon as it can be made ready for his occupancy, which will be in about a fortnight. Will Adopt Mr. Hay's Rule.

Although Secretary Root remained continuously at his desk until after 2 o'clock this afternoon, he has announced that it is his purpose hereafter to follow the rule established by the late Secretary Hay and close up the business of the department each day about 1 o'clock whenever possible, and spend the remainder of the afternoon at his home for the uninterrupted considera-tion of diplomatic business. When he was Secretary of War Mr. Root did most of his business at the department after 5 o'clock.

ARRIVAL OF MR. NEWBERRY. Will Succeed Judge Darling as Assistant Secretary of the Navy.

Mr. Truman H. Newberry of Detroit, who is to succeed Judge Darling of Vermont as assistant secretary of the navy, was at the Navy Department today, and had an interview with Secretary Bonaparte regarding his assumption of his new official duties. Judge Darling is to be appointed collector of customs for the district of Bennington, Vt. He is now on a visit to the Isthmus of Panama with the canal commission, and is expected to return to this city about the latter part of the month. The change in the office of assistant secretary of the navy will probably take place on the 1st proximo.

Lively Contest for Virginia Office. NORFOLK, Va., October 2.-The fight for the chairmanship of the Virginia state board of fisheries was enlivened today by the entrance into the race of Dr. Moore of Cape Charles. It is now declared that Dr. Frank Fletcher will not remain in the race against Wilkins Matthews of Accomac, and that the real fight is between Robert W. that the real fight is between Robert W. Shultice of Norfolk and Editor Donald Lee

Consul Livingstone's Return. Dr. Lemuel W. Livingstone, who was ap-

pointed United States consul to Cape Haytien, Haiti, in President McKinley's first term, has returned to the United States for a short vacation, part of which he will

Weather.

Showers and cooler this afternoon or tonight; tomorrow fair, cooler; variable winds.

TO ESTABLISH AN OBJECTION-

Vigorous Protests to the District

For a long time a desperate fight has been going on for the suppression of the foul and

This objectionable concern is directly opposite to Blair Lee's "Silver Spring" estate, and is adjoining or in the neighborhood of the country places of Mrs. Mary J. Blair, Edward B. Stumph, Louis P. Shoemaker,

most offensive and every way undesirable drinking resort at this point, where its presence would be such a menace to the peace and order of a quiet and highly respectable

most of whom are employed in business in Washington, and all of whom are patrons of the Brightwood railway, desire to state that, irrespective of our several attitudes toward the use and sale of liquor in general, we most emphatically protest against the granting of any license to Ernest Loeffler or any other per either at wholesale or at retail, at the District line terminus and transfer station of said railway. In support of this protest,

gally. 2. We, our wives and children, and our guests are compelled to wait here until the single line to Forest Glen is clear.

of Montgomery county, leave their teams and take the car at this point, where the

place twice daily. 6. The sale of liquor in Montgomery coun-

7. Policing would be very difficult here at the boundary line between the District of Columbia and Maryland.

might be urged, we unite in protesting against any action legalizing sale of liquor

Left Scranton Today for New York

WILKESBARRE, Pa., October 2 .- Prestdent John Mitchell of the Mine Workers' Union left Scranton early this morning to attend a meeting in New York city today of the executive committee of the Civic Federation. Tomorrow he will go to Washington upon request of President Roosevelt, who has asked him to call at the White House. President Mitchell will not say, and it is not known here, what the object of the President's request is. President Mitchell will not return to the anthracite regions, but will go west to his headquarters in Indianapolis. He is well satisfied with the result of his organizing tour through the region, for there has been

SARATOGA, N. Y., October 2.-Frederick A. Peckham of New York, who is under indictment in connection with the cotton report scandal, was today brought before United States Commissioner Charles M. Davison and surrendered by his bondsmen, Peckham was placed in custody of a deputy United States marshal, who has a com-mitment which requires Peckham to secure further bail or in default of it to go to

The President's Sunday.

had as guests at dinner Ambassador Jusserand of France and Madame Jusserand. They remained at the White House until half-past 11 o'clock. A portion of the time the ambassador was alone with the President. It is presumed that they discussed the complications between Venezuela and France growing out of the French Cable

damachuria and defray the expenses of the demobilization.

Ocean Steamer Movements.

NEW YORK, October 2.—Arrived, Minnehaha, from London; Vaderland, from London; Vaderland,

United Action.

ABLE RESORT.

Authorities Against Licensing a Demoralizing Drinking Saloon,

disorderly drinking and gambling concerns set up on the outskirts of the District-east, west and south. Now the community north of the city is up in arms to prevent the establishment of a demoralizing drinking saloon at the District line on Brightwood avenue, near Silver Spring.

Mrs. Alexander R. Shepherd, Edward W. Byrn, Montgomery, Woodbury and Gist Blair and Crosby S. Noyes. Energetic protests to the District authorities against the licensing of this place have been almost unanimously and very influentially signed by the residents both inside and outside the District. The following protest by residents on the Maryland side of the line expresses the general feeling of indignation aroused by this effort to plant a

We, the undersigned residents of Sligo Woodside, Linden and Forest Glen, Md.,

we beg leave to submit the following facts: 1. This spot is peculiarly unfit for the drunkenness and disorder that often characterize a place where liquor may be obtained, and that did characterize this place when liquor was formerly sold here ille-

3. Some of us take and leave the car at this point. 4. Many farmers and others, residents

single-fare service begins, thus making the number unusually large of those who would be exposed to the evils of the establishment here of a place where liquor is obtainable. 5. The children of many of us attend school in Washington, and so stop at the

ty is prohibited and such a place on our border would partially nullify our law and our wishes.

8. There is little or no demand for the sale of liquor at this point on the part of the community. For the above reasons, among many that

at this most unsuitable place. MITCHELL TO SEE ROOSEVELT.

and Washington.

Special Dispatch to The Star.

a steady increase in membership since he began his speeches at mass meetings. It is estimated by the union leader that the

union membership is now over 100,000 the anthracite regions. PECKHAM IN CUSTODY.

Alleged Cotton Report Manipulator Surrendered by Bondsmen.

President and Mrs. Roosevelt last night

Company affair.
Capt. W. S. Cowles, the President's brother-in-law, arrived in Washington last night and went to the White House.